

Superresolution in lossy metamaterials

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The absorption loss deteriorates the ideal image reconstruction in the near-field superlens(NFSL). Due to this unavoidable loss problem in metal layer of NFSL, the achievable superresolution significantly decreases.[1] This loss problems are more critical in longer wavelength region, such as infrared and THz regime. We calculate the superresolution of NFSL with the image visibility of an imaging system of a double slit with the specified slit width and peak-to-peak separation, as shown in Fig. 1.[2-5] We exemplify the infrared NFSL with TiO₂ and SiO₂ because superlensing effect is not observed because the absorption loss is significant.[5] The permittivities of TiO₂ and SiO₂ depending on wavelength are shown in Fig. 2(a). The visibilities (V) of transmission field through the double slit are shown in (b) in slit width and peak-to-peak separation plane for the conventional index match case. We optimized the phase transfer function of optical transfer function to get the highest visibility for each specified geometry, and achieved enhanced superresolution as shown in (c). The correspondingly optimized wavelength of incident light is plotted in (d).

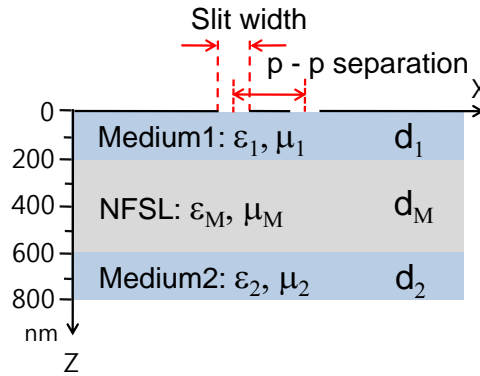


Fig. 1. Schematics of a near-field superlens.

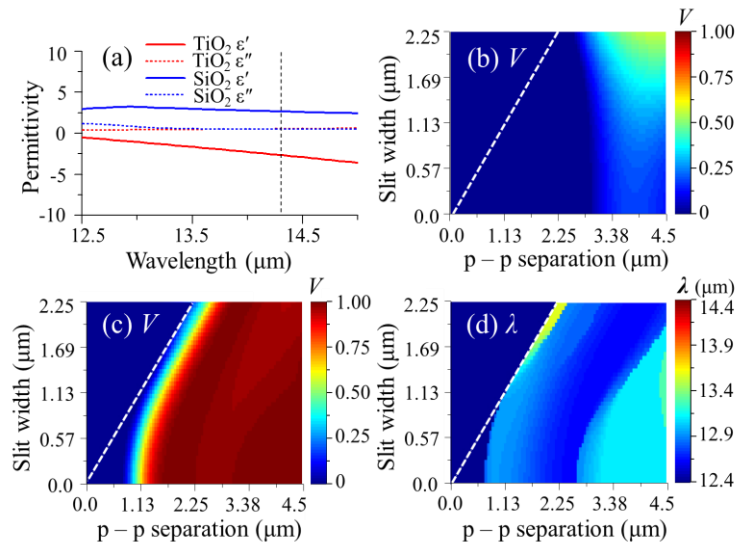


Fig. 2. Enhanced superresolution of a TiO₂ near-field superlens using phase-correction method. (a) Dispersion relation of TiO₂ and SiO₂. (b) Visibility versus peak-to-peak separation and slit width for a double slit for the conventional case. (c) The enhanced visibility using phase retrieval method. (d) The corresponding wavelength for the optimized visibility in (c).

References

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